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Synthesis of A New Class of Pirkle-Type Chiral Stationary Phases on Zirconia

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Specialists in High Efficiency, **Ultra-Stable** Phases for HPLC.

Pittcon 2004



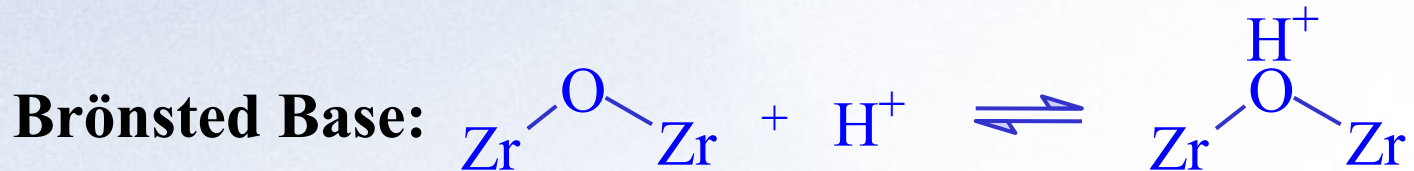
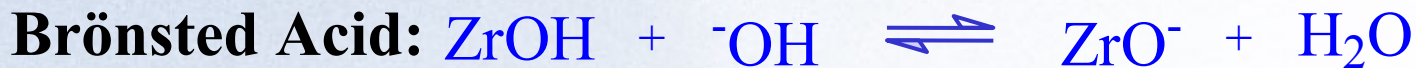
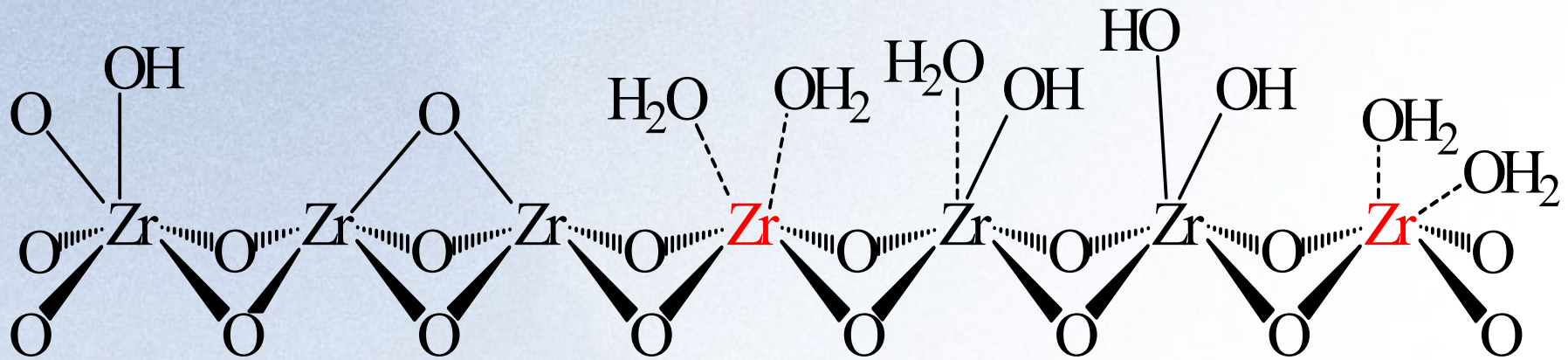
Goal-To Make Zirconia Based Chiral Stationary Phases (CSPs)

- Why Zirconia?
- General Synthetic Method
- Comparison of Zirconia-based CSPs with Commercial Silica-based CSPs
- Chromatographic Comparison of Different Anchors
- Stability Study of Zirconia-based CSPs
- Examples of Enantiomer Separations on Zirconia Based CSPs
- **Conclusions –Zirconia Based CSPs Have Comparable Chromatographic Performance Compared to Silica Based CSPs. Fast Chiral Separations Can Be Achieved on Nonporous Zirconia Based CSPs.**



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Surface Chemistry of Zirconia

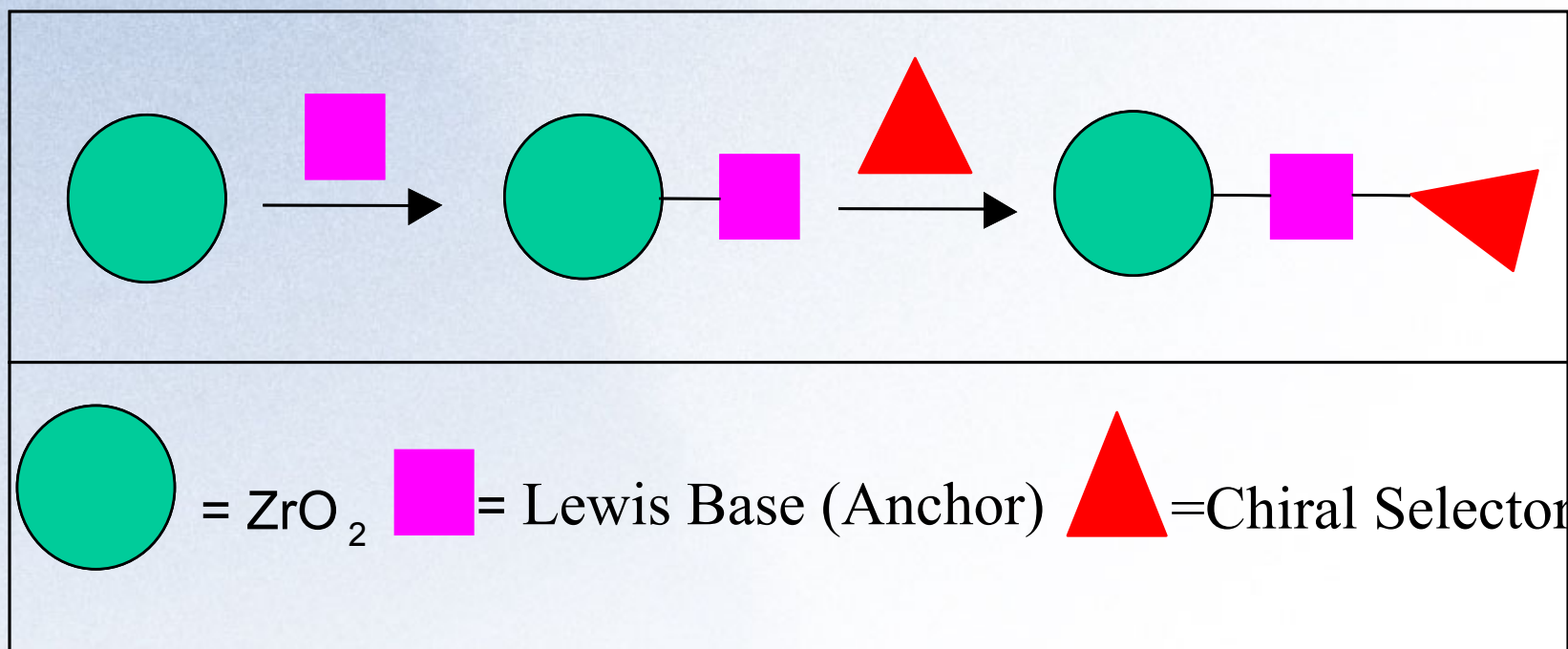


RPO_3^{2-} or Catechol





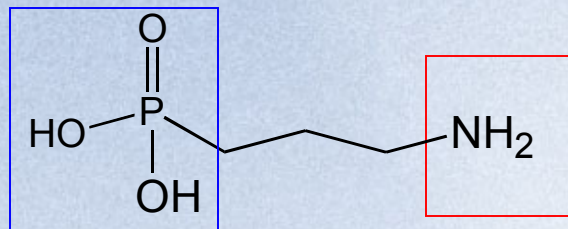
New Way to Attach Chiral Selectors to Zirconia Surface



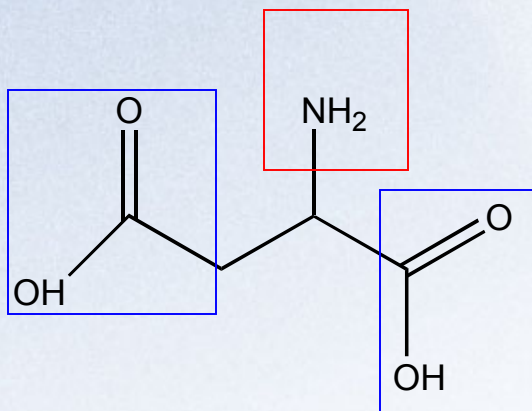


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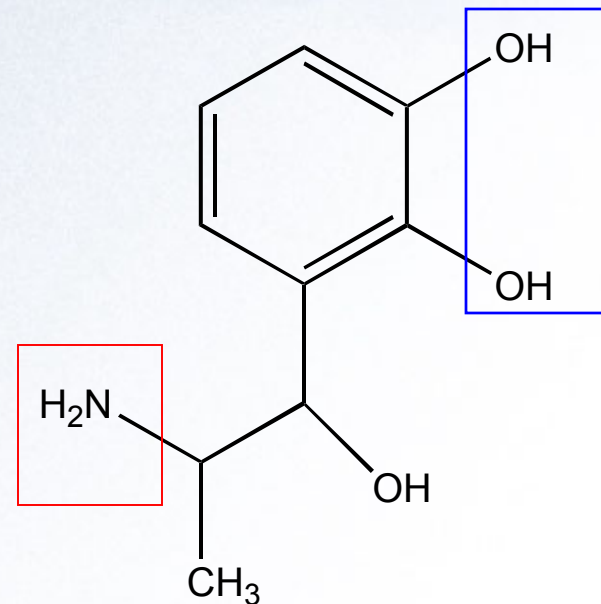
Three Anchors in This Study



APPA (Aminopropylphosphonic acid)



ASP (Aspartic acid)



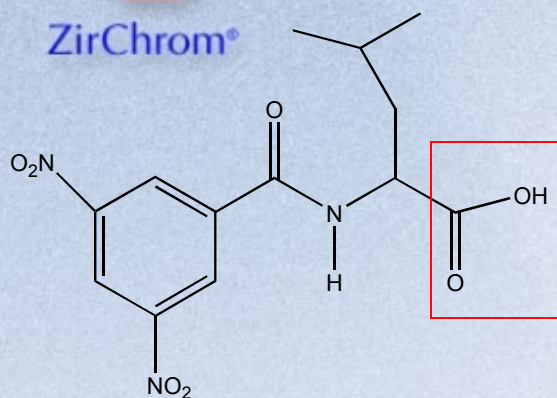
DHNP (3,4-Dihydroxynorephedrine)

Anchors should have two function groups: (1) A group **anchoring** to zirconia surface, and (2) A group **bonding** to Chiral selector.

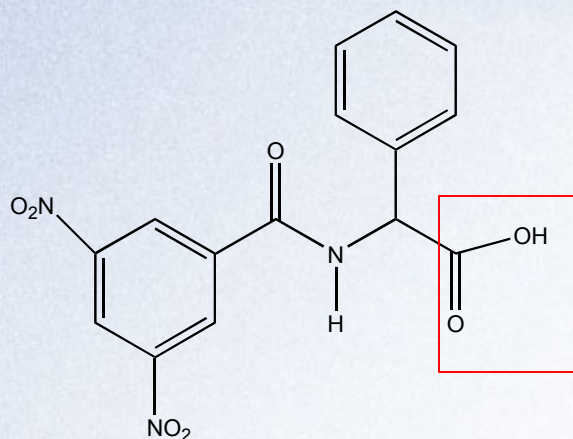


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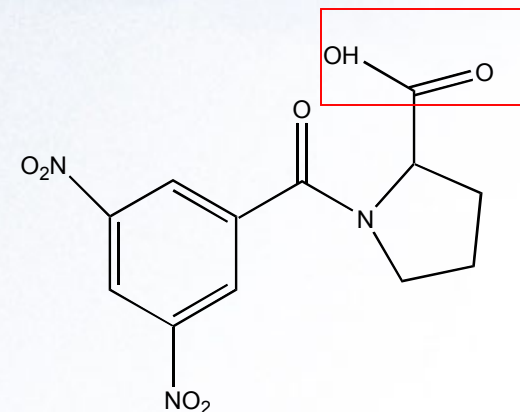
Chiral Selectors in This Study



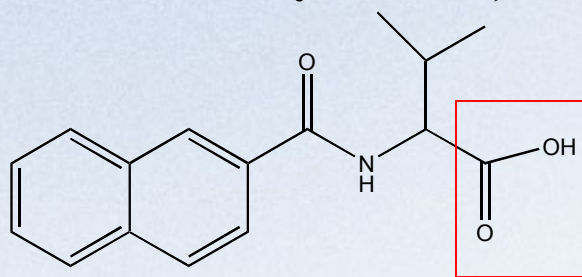
DNB-LEU (3,5-dinitrobenzoylLeucine)



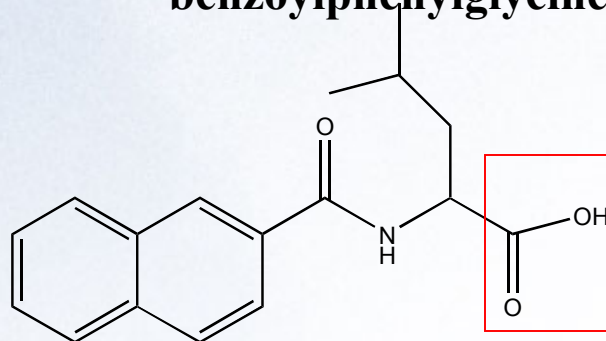
DNB-PG (3,5-dinitrobenzoylphenylglycine)



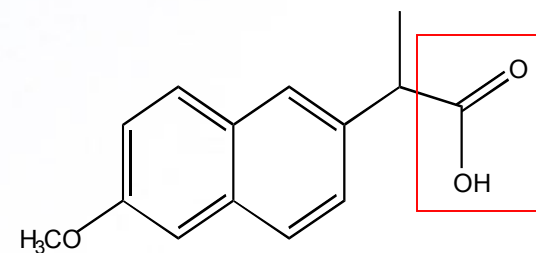
DNB-PRO (3,5-dinitrobenzoylproline)



NAP-VAL (Naphthoyl-valine)

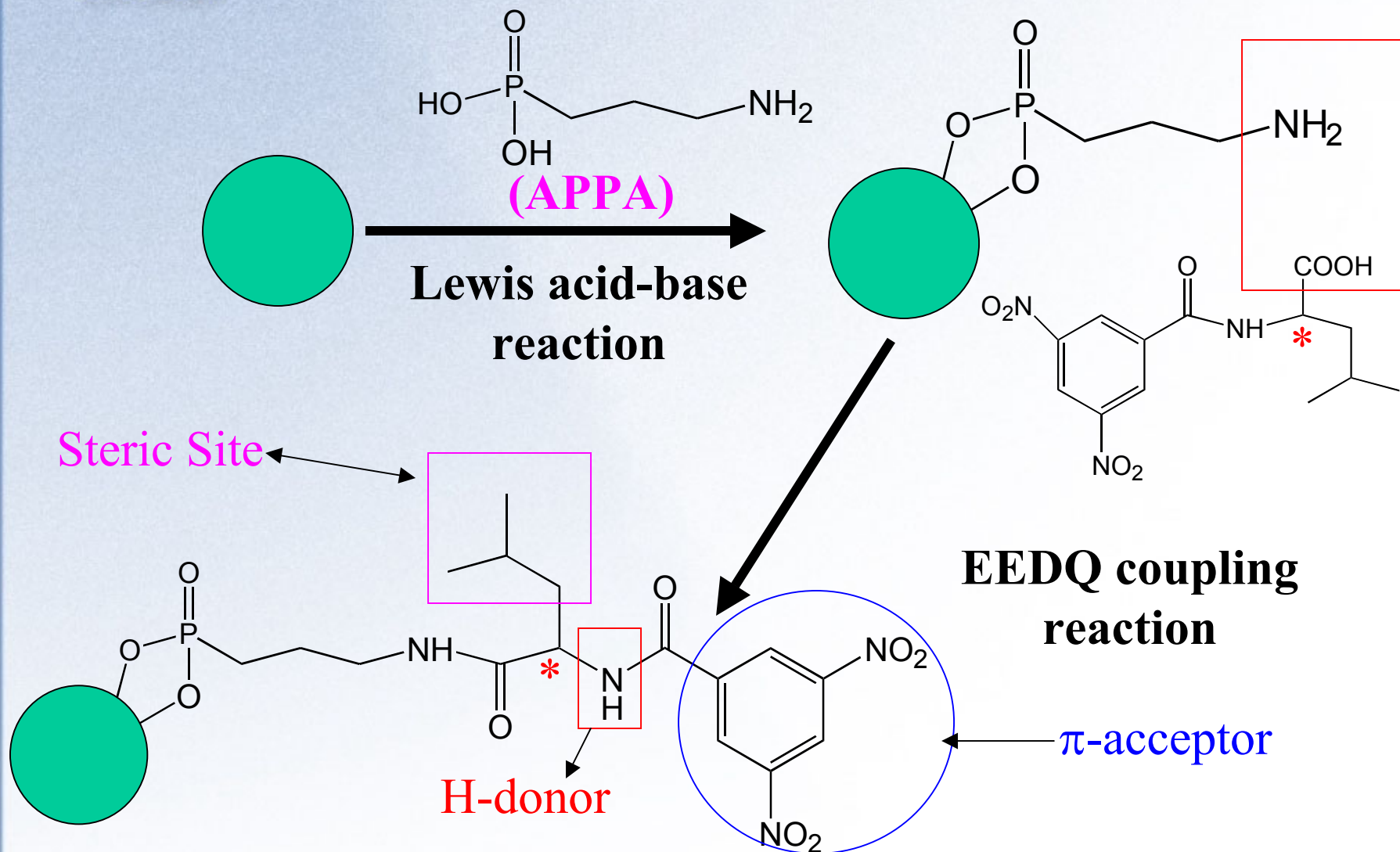


2-NAP-LEU (2-Naphthoyl-leucine),



NAP (naproxen)

Example of Lewis Acid-Base Modified Zirconia CSPs





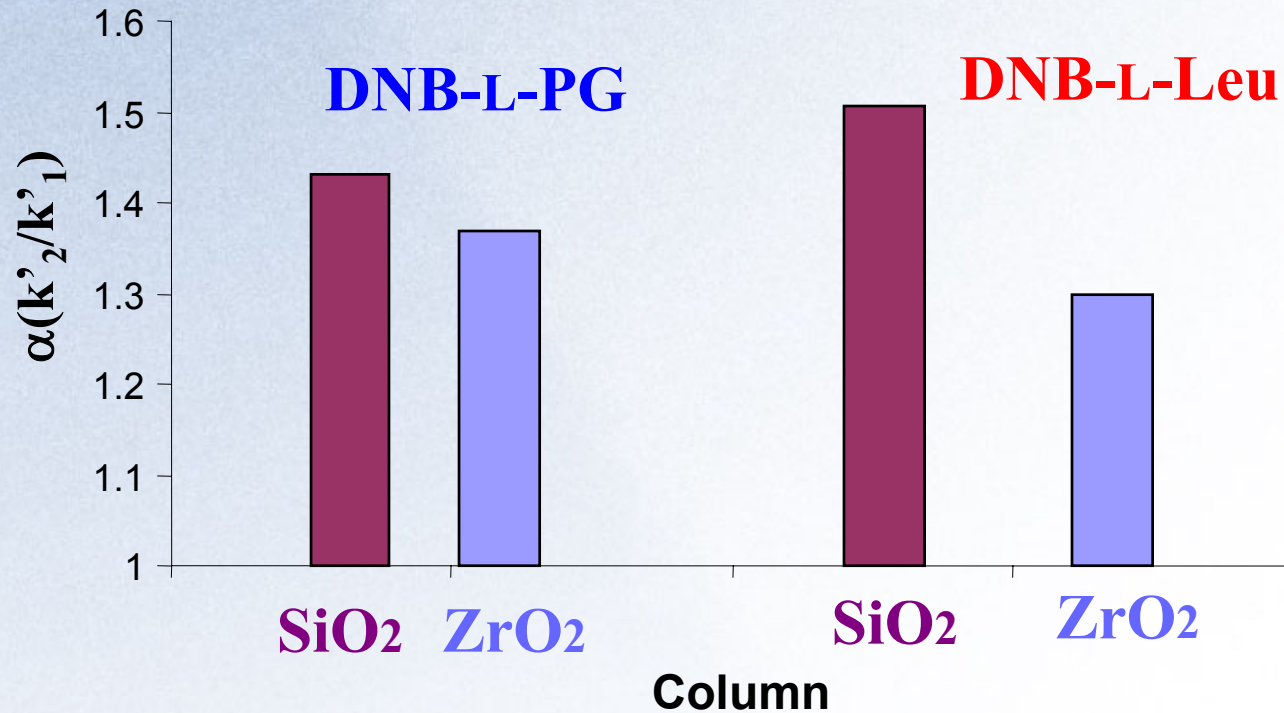
List of Zirconia and Silica CSPs Studied

Column	CSP	Anchor
Z1	DNB-Leu	APPA
Z2	DNB-Leu	Aspartic acid
Z3	DNB-Leu	DHNP
Z4	DNB-PG	APPA
Z5	DNB-PG	Aspartic acid
Z6	DNB-PG	DHNP
Z7	DNB-Pro	DHNP
Z8	NAP-Leu	APPA
Z9	NAP-Val	DHNP
Z10	Naproxen	APPA
R1	DNB-PG	--
R2	DNB-Leu	--

Z1-Z10 zirconia based CSPs, R1, R2-commercialized silica based CSPs



Chromatographic Comparison of Zirconia- and Silica-CSPs

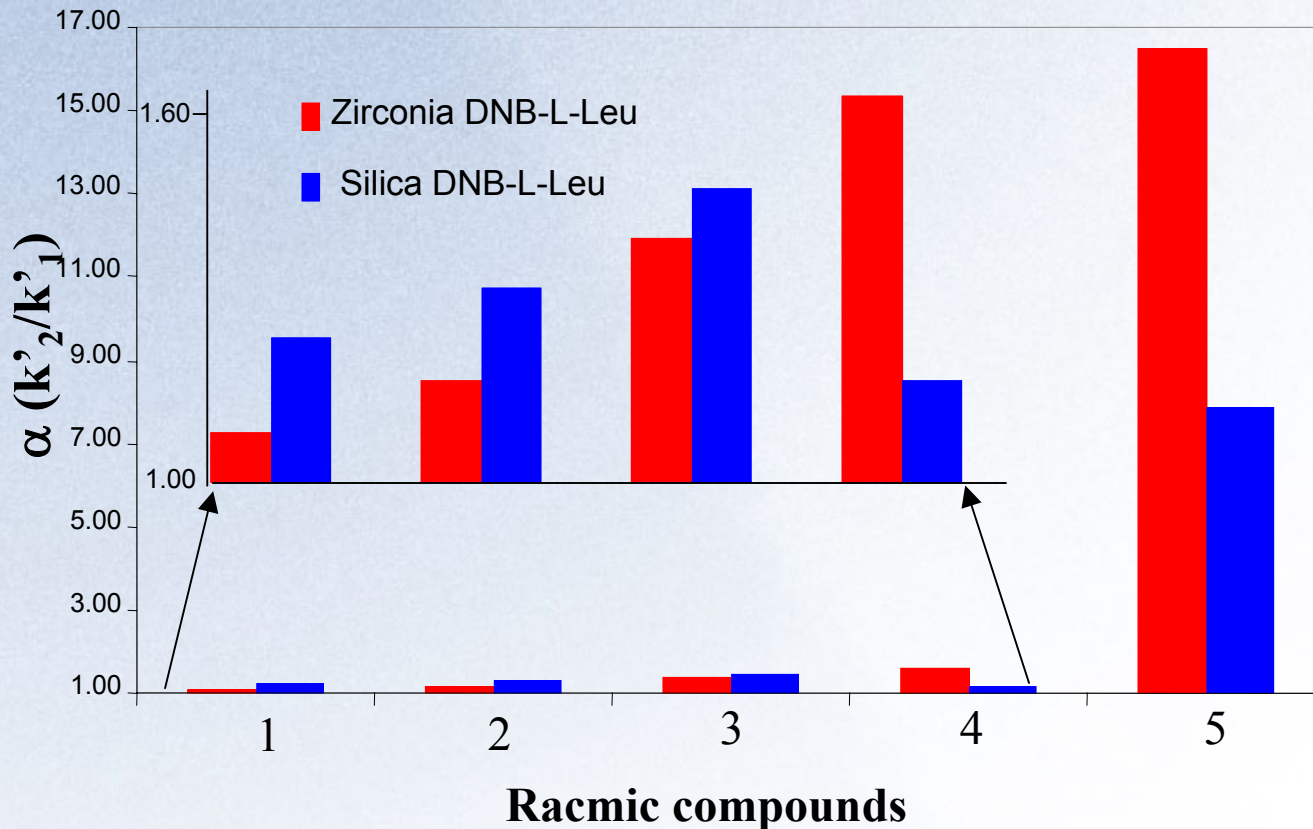


Probe solute: Trifluoroanthryl ethanol

Conclusion: Zirconia based CSPs performed quite well.



Direct Comparison of DNB-L-LEU Zirconia and Silica Based CSPs



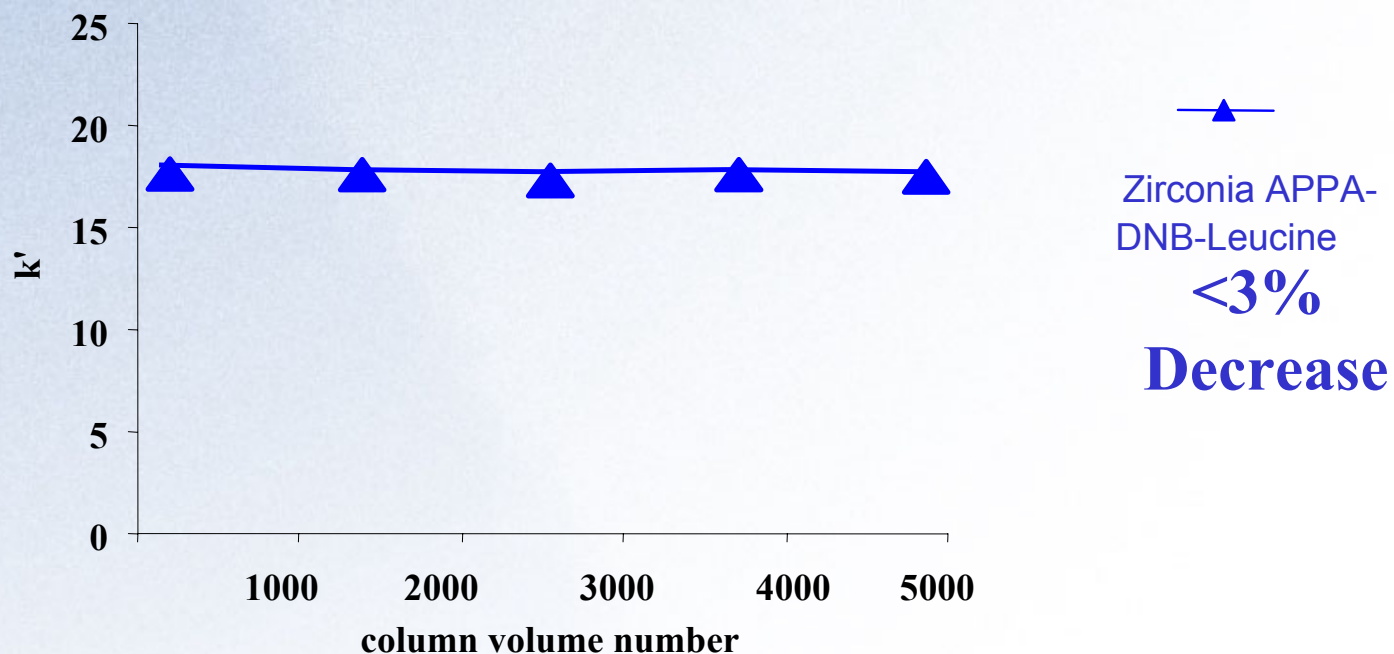
- 1 trans-stibene oxide
- 2 1,1'-bi-2-naphthol
- 3 trifluoranthyl ethanol
- 4 napropamide
- 5 1-naphthyl leucine ester

Much better separations for napropamide and 1-naphthyl leucine ester are obtained on zirconia-based CSPs.



Stability of Zirconia-based DNB-L-LEU

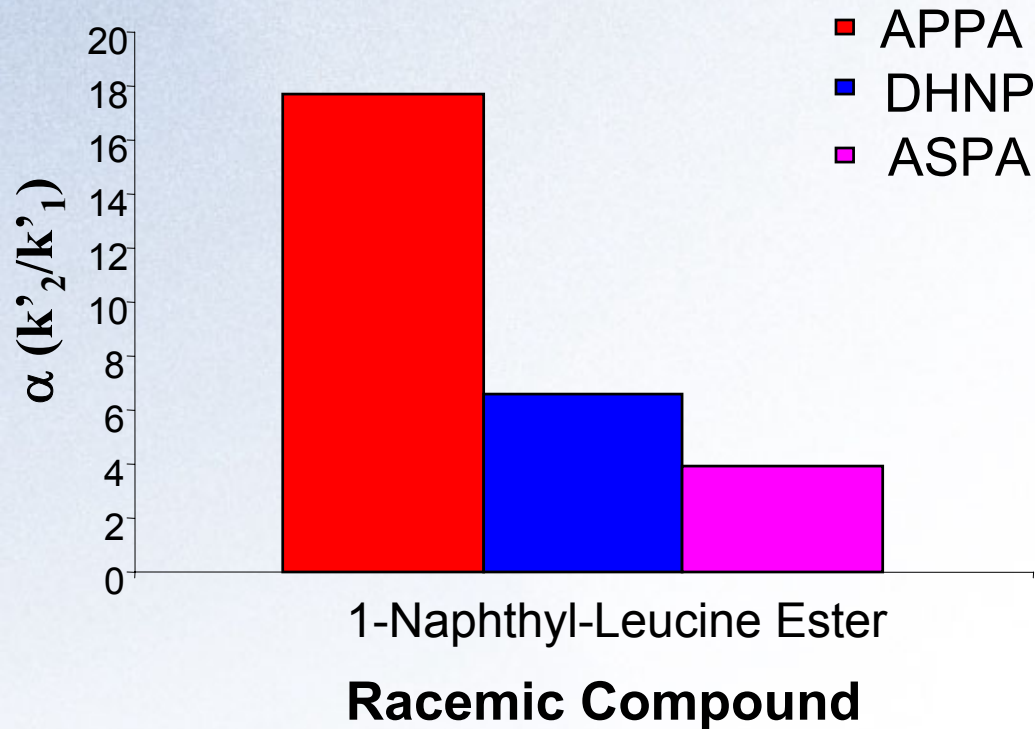
Retention Factor Stability for S-Naphthylleucine ester



Flush Solvent: 49.5/49.5/1 Hexane/IPA/TFA
Zirconia-based CSP is a very stable CSP.



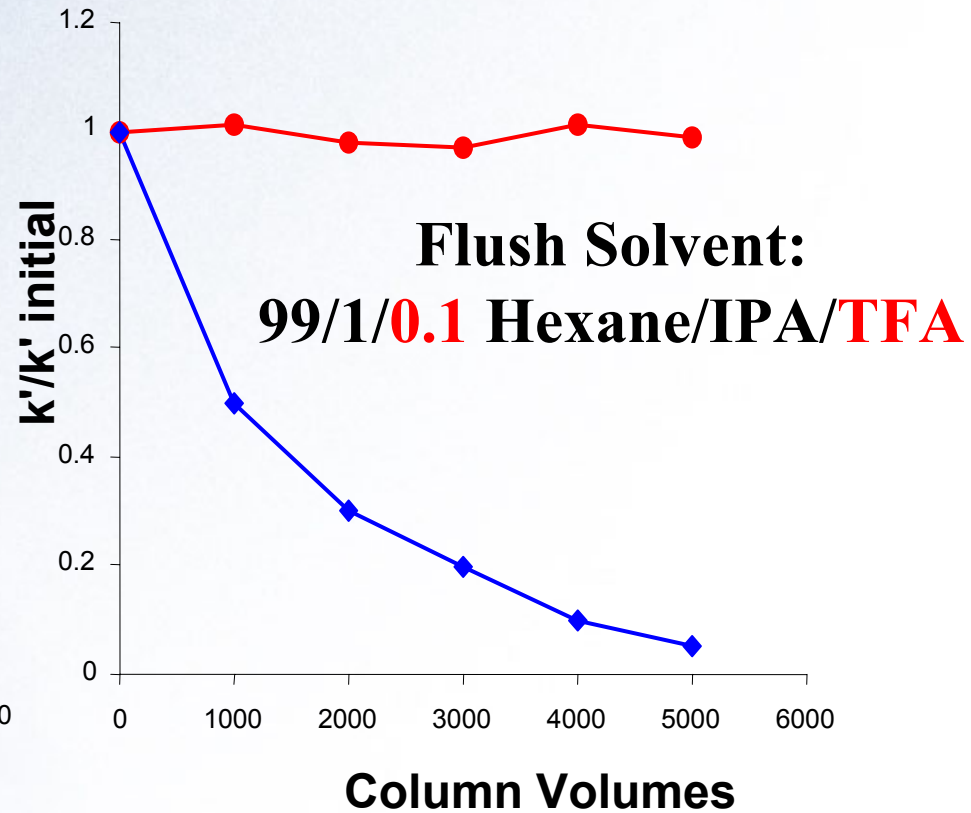
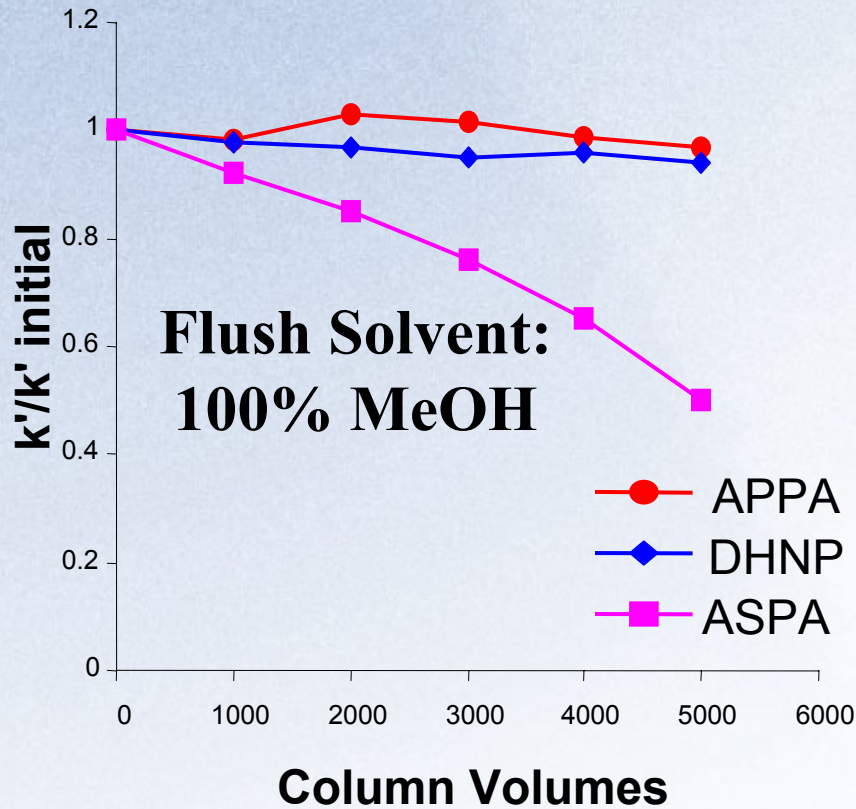
Chromatographic Comparison of Differently Anchored Zirconia-based DNB-L-LEU



Different anchors show different selectivity.



Stability Comparison of Differently Anchored Zirconia-Based DNB-L-LEU

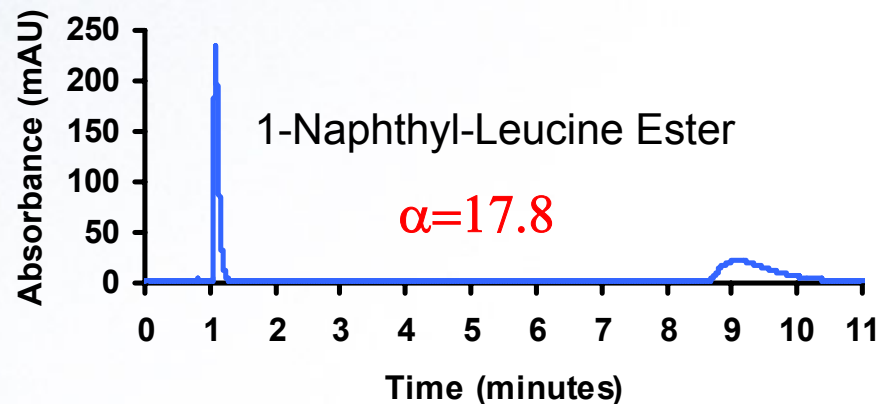
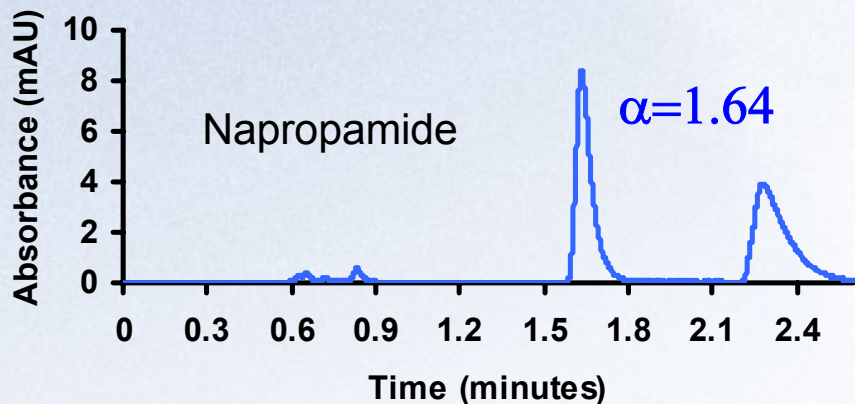
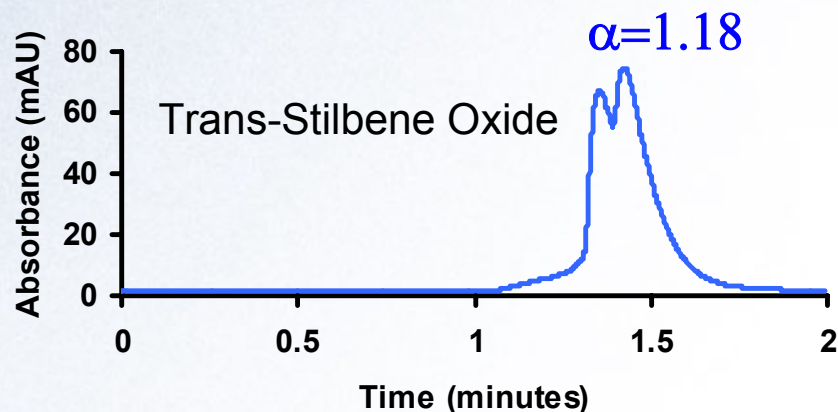
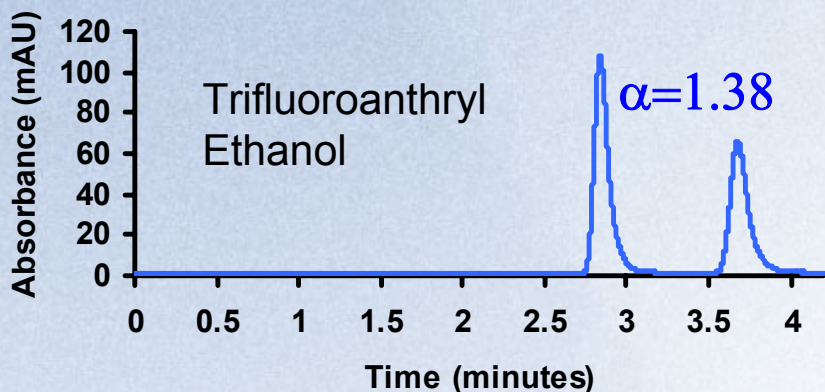


Test solute: trifluoranthryl ethanol. Note that the retention factor ratio is for the less retained isomer.



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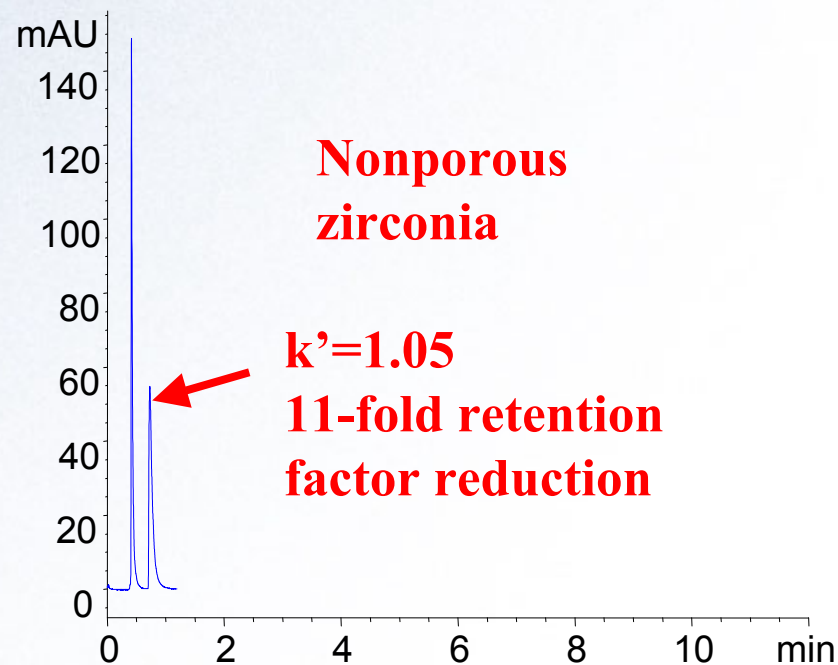
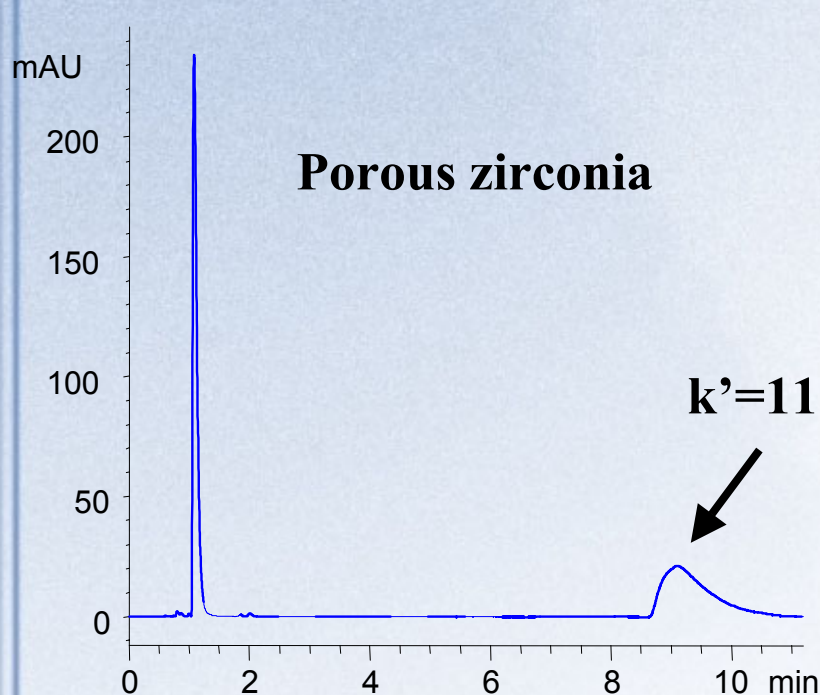
Enantiomer Separations on DNB-L-LEU Modified Zirconia Phase Anchored via APPA



Selected Chromatograms of Chiral Compounds on Zirconia Based DNB-L-LEU Anchored with APPA.



Fast Chiral Separation on Nonporous Zirconia-based DNB-L-Leu



Chiral compounds on nonporous and porous zirconia-based DNB-L-Leu anchored with APPA. Chromatographic conditions: mobile phase 99/1 Hexane/IPA, probe solute: (\pm)-1-naphthyl leucine ester.



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Conclusions

- Flexible attachment chemistry.
- APPA is the best anchor in terms of column stability.
- Zirconia based CSPs have comparable chromatographic performance compared to the commercial silica based CSPs for a wide range of chiral compounds.
- Fast Separation can be achieved on nonporous zirconia based CSPs.
- Acknowledgement: National Institutes of Health Grant # 1 R43 HL070334-01.